

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : 72733

SDS-Identcode : 463G

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Industrial use, Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in Offshore industries, Mining, (without offshore industries)

Recommended restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmospheres.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Bestolife Corporation INTERTEK FRANCE
2777 N. Stemmons Frwy 27400 HEUDEBOUVILLE
DALLAS, TX 75207, FRANCE

Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961 +33 385 991270

Telefax : 214-631-3047 +33 385 991288

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : www.bestolife.com/christian.gimenez@intertek.com/if.reach@intertek.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: +(44)-870-8200418; Interntnl: +1-703-527-3887 NHS Drct: +44 0845 4647
(Medical only)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A	H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Effects on or via lactation	H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Lead

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains Calcium petroleum sulfonates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Lead	7439-92-1 231-100-4 082-013-00-1 01-2119513221-59	Repr. 1A; H360FD Lact.H362 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400	>= 30 - < 50

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

		Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 <hr/> M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	
Zinc	7440-66-6 231-175-3 030-001-01-9 01-2119467174-37	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 <hr/> M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	$\geq 10 - < 20$
Copper metal powder	7440-50-8 231-159-6 01-2119480154-42	Flam. Sol. 1; H228 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 <hr/> M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	$\geq 2.5 - < 10$
Quartz	14808-60-7 238-878-4	STOT RE 1; H372	$\geq 1 - < 10$
Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate)	Not Assigned 056-002-00-7 01-2119980986-14	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	$\geq 1 - < 10$
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2 215-222-5 030-013-00-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 <hr/> M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	$\geq 0.25 - < 1$
Calcium petroleum sulfonates	61789-86-4 263-093-9	Skin Sens. 1B; H317	$\geq 0.1 - < 1$

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Risks : May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.
-

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical

- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Lead compounds
Metal oxides

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Silicon oxides
Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
-

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
-

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Lead	7439-92-1	TWA	0.15 mg/m ³ (Lead)	98/24/EC I
Further information	Binding			
Graphite	7782-42-5	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates			

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
 Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

		to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used		
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
Copper metal powder	7440-50-8	TWA (Fumes)	0.2 mg/m3 (Copper)	GB EH40
		TWA (Dusts and mists)	1 mg/m3 (Copper)	GB EH40
		STEL (Dusts and mists)	2 mg/m3 (Copper)	GB EH40
Talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, Talc is defined as the mineral talc together with other hydrous phyllosilicates including chlorite and carbonate materials which occur with it, but excluding amphibole asbestos and crystalline silica., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable</p>			

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
 Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

	dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC
Further information	Carcinogens or mutagens			
Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate)	Not Assigned	TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (Barium)	2006/15/EC
Further information	Indicative			
		TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (Barium)	GB EH40
Further information	Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Quartz

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
Lead	7439-92-1	Lead (Lead): 40 µg/dl		GB EH40 BAT

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

		(Blood)		
		Lead (Lead): 50 µg/dl (Blood)		GB EH40 BAT
		Lead (Lead): 30 µg/dl (Blood)		GB EH40 BAT
		Lead (Lead): 50 µg/dl (Blood)		GB EH40 BAT
		Lead (Lead): 60 µg/dl (Blood)		GB EH40 BAT
		Lead (Lead): 25 µg/dl (Blood)		GB EH40 BAT
		Lead (Lead): 0.7 mg/l (Blood)		98/24/EC II

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Graphite	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.3 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	813 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1.2 mg/m3
Zinc	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.83 mg/kg bw/day
Copper metal powder	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	20 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	137 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	237 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	20 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	1 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	137 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic ef-	273 mg/kg

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

			fects	bw/day
Zinc oxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.5 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.83 mg/kg bw/day
Calcium petroleum sulfonates	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	11.75 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3.33 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term local effects	1.03 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.9 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1.667 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term local effects	0.513 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.8333 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Lead	Fresh water	6.5 µg/l
	Marine water	3.4 µg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	100 µg/l
	Fresh water sediment	174 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	164 mg/kg
	Soil	147 mg/kg
	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	10.9 mg/kg food
Zinc	Fresh water	20.6 µg/l
	Marine water	6.1 µg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	100 µg/l
	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	56.5 mg/kg
	Soil	35.6 mg/kg
Copper metal powder	Fresh water	7.8 µg/l
	Marine water	5.2 µg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	230 µg/l
	Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	676 mg/kg
	Soil	65 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food
Zinc oxide	Fresh water	20.6 µg/l
	Marine water	6.1 µg/l

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

	Sewage treatment plant	100 µg/l
	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	56.5 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Calcium petroleum sulfonates	Fresh water	1 mg/l
	Marine water	1 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	10 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1000 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	226000000 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	226000000 mg/kg
	Soil	271000000 mg/kg
	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	16.667 mg/kg food

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses
Equipment should conform to BS EN 166

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Appearance	:	Viscous semi-solid
Colour	:	black, copper
Odour	:	Petroleum
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	≥ 162.8 °C Method: ASTM D 92, Cleveland open cup Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not classified as a flammability hazard
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	1.9
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	negligible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Flow time	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle size	:	No data available

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Lead:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.41 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Copper metal powder:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Quartz:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,750 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Expert judgement
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.7 mg/l

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lead:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Copper metal powder:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lead:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Zinc:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

Copper metal powder:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lead:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Copper metal powder:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	negative

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Test Type	:	Buehler Test
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	negative

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Test Type	:	Buehler Test
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	positive

Assessment	:	Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation rate in humans
------------	---	--

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lead:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
-----------------------	---	--

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Copper metal powder:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.12.
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkyl)naphthalenesulphonate):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

- Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: equivocal
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: equivocal
- Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Result: positive
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
- Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

- Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

- Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Components:

Quartz:

Species : Humans
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Result : positive
Remarks : IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Zinc oxide:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 1 Years
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Components:

Lead:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Positive evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility from human epidemiological studies., Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies., Studies indicating a hazard to babies during the lactation period

Copper metal powder:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Result: negative

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkyl)naphthalenesulphonate):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 415
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Lead:

Target Organs : Kidney, Central nervous system, Blood
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

exposure.

Quartz:

Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Lungs
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Zinc oxide:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Lead:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.0015 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.005 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 6 - 12 Months
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Zinc:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 31 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Copper metal powder:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : ≥ 2 mg/m³
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 28 Days

Quartz:

Species : Humans
LOAEL : 0.053 mg/m³
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Remarks : These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 55 mg/kg
LOAEL : 165 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 29 Days

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 0.0015 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 3 Months
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Species : Rat
: > 1000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 410
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Lead:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.107 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.029 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.025
plants mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 6.1
µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 10
icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : EC10: 20 µg/l
icity) Exposure time: 30 d
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC10: 1.7 µg/l
aquatic invertebrates (Chron- Exposure time: 7 d
ic toxicity) Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version 11.3 Revision Date: 11.04.2019 SDS Number: 117144-00021 Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10

Zinc:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.78 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.83 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : IC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.15 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.199 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d
Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Copper metal powder:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 : > 10 - 100 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 1 - 10 µg/l

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10

Quartz:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Chronic aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

- Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 0.001 - 0.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 25 d
Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic) : NOEC: > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

ic toxicity) Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Barium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkyl)naphthalenesulphonate):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 14 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 8.6 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Zinc:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 177

Zinc oxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 78 - 2,060

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 6.65
octanol/water

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 3077
ADR : UN 3077
RID : UN 3077
IMDG : UN 3077
IATA : UN 3077

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Lead, Copper metal powder)

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Lead, Copper metal powder)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Lead, Copper metal powder)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Lead, Copper metal powder)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Lead, Copper metal powder)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 9

ADR : 9

RID : 9

IMDG : 9

IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADN
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

ADR
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Lead
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Lead
REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Lact.	:	Effects on or via lactation
Repr.	:	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
2004/37/EC	:	Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work
2006/15/EC	:	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
98/24/EC I	:	Europe. Chemical Agents Directive - Annex I: Binding occupational exposure limit values
98/24/EC II	:	Chemical Agents Directive - Annex II: Binding biological limit values
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT	:	UK. Biological monitoring guidance values
2004/37/EC / TWA	:	Long term exposure limit
2006/15/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
98/24/EC I / TWA	:	Occupational Exposure Limit Value
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



72733

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.10.2018
11.3	11.04.2019	117144-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2015

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Classification of the mixture:

Repr. 1A	H360FD
Lact.	H362
STOT RE 1	H372
Aquatic Acute 1	H400
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

Classification procedure:

Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

GB / EN